$D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$ and f_D from 281 pb⁻¹ at ψ (3770) with CLEO-c Yongsheng Gao Southern Methodist University (CLEO Collaboration)

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Introduction

- $D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$ and f_{D^+} (281 pb⁻¹ at ψ (3770))
 - Analysis Techniques
 - Fully reconstructed D⁻ tags
 - $D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$ Reconstruction
 - Background suppression
 - Results

Summary



Flavor Physics and CLEO-c



$$\mathbf{V}_{CKM} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix}$$

Test the SM and Search for New Physics:

- Precise measurements/over constrain of CKM
- One limiting factor: syst. error of non-pert. QCD

CLEO-c Physics at \Psi(3770):

- f_D, f_{Ds}: Validate Lattice QCD and improve f_B
- Semileptonic D decay: Form factors and V_{cd}, V_{cs}







Compare theoretical calculations of f_D to experimental measurement to gain confidence in theory's ability to predict f_B

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The MARK III Method

Fully reconstruct 1st D "the tag", then analyze decay of 2nd D to extract exclusive or inclusive properties.

$$\Delta E = E(D) - E_{\text{beam}}$$
$$M_{BC} = \sqrt{E_{\text{beam}}^2 - |p(D)|^2}$$

 ψ (3770) ~ DDbar threshold

➔ No extra fragmentation = simpler geometry / combination

- ➔ Clean neutrino reconstruction
- ➔ High tagging efficiency at 20% of all D's produced.



f_{D+} from Absolute $Br(D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu)$





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CLEO-c Detector & Data







• New inner drift chamber replaced old silicon vertex

- 1T B field (old 1.5 T)
- Track (93% of 4π): σ = 0.6% @ 1 GeV
- PID: Rich (80% of 4π), dE/dx, EM calorimeter, muon (> 1GeV)

5% @ 100MeV.



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 $\mbox{D^+}{\rightarrow}\mu^+\nu$ and decay constant $\mbox{f}_{\mbox{D}+}$ at CLEO-c

- High resolution detector with tuned MC
- Simple low multiplicity events
- Hermeticity of the detector
- dE/dx (π, K, p, e)
- RICH detector (K threshold ~ 550 MeV)
- dE/dx + RICH: Hadron ID for D tagging
- CsI Calorimeter (electron, muon identification)
- Beam energy $\sigma_{Ecm} = 2.3 \text{ MeV}$



Fully reconstructed D⁻ tag









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m_{BC} (GeV)





Mode	Signal	Background	
$K^+\pi^-\pi^-$	77387 ± 281	1868	
$K^+\pi^-\pi^-\pi^o$	24850 ± 214	12825	PD
$K_S \pi^-$	11162 ± 136	514	5
$K_S \pi^- \pi^- \pi^+$	18176 ± 255	8976	2
$K_S \pi^- \pi^o$	20244 ± 170	5223 <mark>8</mark>	
$K^+K^-\pi^-$	6535 ± 95	1271	
Sum	158354 ± 496	30677	

Reconstruction Efficiency: (20 – 55)%

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Neutrino MM² to discriminate signal and backgrounds:

Reconstruct $D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$

$$MM^{2} = (E_{beam} - E_{\mu})^{2} - (-\vec{P}_{D^{-}} - \vec{P}_{\mu})^{2}$$

Signal peaks at MM² = 0 Additional cuts to suppress background:

- No additional charged tracks from event vertex
- Largest unmatched shower energy less than 0.25 GeV, to suppress ${\rm D^+} \to \pi^+\,\pi^0$
- Muon candidate consistent with minimum ionizing particle (Ecal < 300 MeV in EM cal)

~ 67% efficient for $D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$

Most systematic errors are determined using DATA Detailed background studies based on MC+DATA





MC Expectations from 1.7 fb⁻¹, 6 x data

281 pb⁻¹ at ψ(3770) 50 signal events



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Backgrounds			Preliminary
Mode	B (%)	# Events	Efficiencies & BKG well
π +π ⁰	0.13±0.02	1.40±0.18	understood: from data
<u></u> <u> </u>	2.77±0.18	0.44±0.44	Br(D ⁺ \rightarrow μ ⁺ ν) =
$\tau^+\nu (\tau \rightarrow \pi^+\nu)$	2.65 *ℬ (D +→μ+ν)	1.08 ±0.15	$(4.45 \pm 0.67^{+0.29}_{-0.36}) \times 10^{-4}$
Continuum	-		$(222 + 42^{+7})$
$D^{o}D^{o} +$		@ 32% CL	$f_{D^+} = (223 \pm 16^{+7}_{-9}) \text{ MeV}$
other D ⁺ D ⁻			No D+ sots overte
Total	-	2.92±0.50 ^{+0.8} ₋₀	$\square \square \square \square \rightarrow \square \vee \square \vee \square \vee \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square $
$V (KT_eV) = 0$	225 +0 0023		observed:

 $V_{us}(KTeV) = 0.225 \pm 0.0023$ $V_{us}(NA48) = 0.2187 \pm 0.0016(exp) \pm 0.0023(th)$ $V_{us}(NA48) = 0.2239 \pm 0.0012(exp) \pm 0.0023(th)$ $f_{+}(0)V_{us}(KLOE) = 0.216 \pm 0.001(exp) (Ke3)$ $Br(D^+ \rightarrow e^+\nu)$ < 2.4 x 10⁻⁵ @ 90% C.L.

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Current Experiment & Theory





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Preliminary from 281 pb⁻¹ at \psi(3770): (CLEO CONF 05-5)

158,354 ± 496 fully reconstructed D⁻ tags 47.1 ± 7.1 $_{-3.7}^{+2.9}$ D⁺ $\rightarrow \mu^+\nu$ evts observed

Br(D⁺
$$\rightarrow$$
 $\mu^{+}\nu$) = (4.45 ± 0.67^{+0.29}_{-0.36}) x 10⁻⁴

$$f_{D+} = 223 \pm 16^{+7}_{-9}$$
 MeV

 $Br(D^+ \rightarrow e^+\nu) < 2.4 \times 10^{-5} @ 90\% C.L.$

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