

## Practice test 2

The actual exam will consist of 6 multiple choice questions and 6 regular problems.  
You will have 50 minutes to complete the exam.

## Multiple choice questions: circle the correct answer

1. Solve for  $x$ :  $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} x = 3$ .

- A. 6                      B.  $\frac{1}{6}$                       C. 8                      D.  $\frac{1}{8}$   
E. None of the above

2. How many vertical asymptotes does the curve  $y = \frac{x+1}{x(x+2)(x+3)}$  have?

- A. 0                      B. 1                      C. 2                      D. 3                      E. 4

3.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{5}{x-2} =$

- A. 0                      B. 5                      C.  $\infty$                       D.  $-\infty$                       E. Does not exist

4.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x+2}{3x+4} =$

- A. 1                      B.  $\frac{1}{2}$                       C.  $\frac{1}{3}$                       D. 0                      E. Does not exist

5. The function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -x-1 & \text{if } x < -1 \\ 0 & \text{if } -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ x & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$  is

- A. continuous everywhere  
B. continuous at 1 but discontinuous at  $-1$   
C. continuous at  $-1$  but discontinuous at 1  
D. continuous at all points except for 1 and  $-1$   
E. discontinuous everywhere

6. Find the rate of change of  $y = 3x + 5$  at  $x = 4$ .

- A. 3                      B. 4                      C. 5                      D. 17  
E. None of the above

7. Find the equation of the line tangent to the curve  $y = x^2$  at  $(2, 4)$ .

- A.  $y = 4x$               B.  $y = 4x - 4$               C.  $y = 4x + 4$               D.  $y = -4x$               E.  $y = -4x - 4$

**Regular problems: show all your work**

8. Solve the following equations:

(a)  $\ln(5x - 2) = 3$

(b)  $e^{3t+1} = 100$

(c)  $\log_2 t + \log_2(t + 1) = 1$

(d)  $10^{4x+1} = 300$

9. Evaluate the limits:

(a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} (7x - 25)$

(b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^3 + x^2}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$

(c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3 - \sqrt{9 + x}}{x}$

(d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x^3 - 2}{x^2 - x - 2}$

(e)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{x^3 - 2}{x^2 - x - 2}$

(f)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 - 2}{x^2 - x - 2}$

(g)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^4 \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$

(h)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^3 - x - 3}{4x^3 + 3x^2 - 3}$

(i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{5x^2 - x - 3}{4x^3 + 3x^2 - 3}$

(j)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^3 - x - 3}{4x^2 + 3x - 3}$

(k)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{4x^2 + 5}}{3x - 3}$

(l)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{4x^2 + 5}}{3x - 3}$

(m)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (3 - x + 2x^2 - 5x^3)$

(n)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (3 - x + 2x^2 - 5x^3)$

10. Show that the equation  $x^5 - 4x + 2 = 0$  has at least one solution in the interval  $(1, 2)$ .

11. Find all values of  $c$  such that the function

$$(a) \ f(x) = \begin{cases} cx & \text{if } x \geq 2 \\ 5 - x & \text{if } x < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$(b) \ f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x \leq c \\ x^3 & \text{if } x > c \end{cases}$$

is continuous everywhere.

12. Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of  $f(x) = \frac{(x+2)(3x-4)}{(x-5)(x+7)}$ .

13. Find the following derivatives:

$$(a) \ f'(1) \text{ if } f(x) = 5$$

$$(b) \ f'(2) \text{ if } f(x) = 7x - 3$$

$$(c) \ f'(3) \text{ if } f(s) = s^2 + 5s - 6$$

$$(d) \ f'(4) \text{ if } f(t) = \sqrt{t}$$

$$(e) \ f'(5) \text{ if } f(x) = \frac{2}{x}$$