

# MATH 75B

## Final Exam - Version 1

December 16, 2009

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

- Please turn off your cell phones and any other electronic devices.
- Write your name both on the exam and on the scantron form. Also please write the exam version in the field “TEST NO.”
- No notes, books, or calculators are allowed.
- You may write on the exam. If you need additional scratch paper, please raise your hand.
- You have to turn in your scantron form, exam, and all your scratch paper.
- Show your photo ID to the instructor when you turn in your papers.

1. Evaluate  $\int \frac{e^x}{1 + e^{2x}} dx$ .

- (a)  $\arctan(e^x) + C$
- (b)  $\frac{1}{e^x + \frac{e^{3x}}{3}} + C$
- (c)  $\frac{e^x}{x + e^{2x}} + C$
- (d)  $\frac{e^x}{1 + e^{x^2}} + C$
- (e) none of the above

2. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}$ .

- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- (d)  $\pi$
- (e)  $2\pi$

3. Bismuth-210 has a half-life of 5 days. A sample originally has a mass of 800 mg. Find the mass remaining after 30 days.

- (a)  $\frac{e^{80/3}}{5}$
- (b) 25
- (c)  $\frac{400}{3}$
- (d)  $\frac{800}{e^6}$
- (e) none of the above

4. On the interval  $(-1, 1)$  the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^x - x - 1$  is

- (a) constant
- (b) positive
- (c) increasing
- (d) concave upward
- (e) even

5. Find the inflection points of  $f(x) = 3x^5 + 10x^4 + 10x^3 + 3x + 10$ .

- (a)  $x = -1$
  - (b)  $x = 0$
  - (c)  $x = 1$
  - (d)  $x = -1$  and  $x = 0$
  - (e)  $x = 0$  and  $x = 1$
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6. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{x^2}$ .

- (a) 0
  - (b) 1
  - (c)  $e$
  - (d)  $\pi$
  - (e)  $\infty$
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7. Let a rectangle be inscribed in the region between the  $x$ -axis and the parabola  $y = 2 - x^2$  so that its base lies on the  $x$ -axis and its upper vertices lie on the parabola. Find the largest possible area of such a rectangle.

- (a) 2
  - (b)  $2\sqrt{2}$
  - (c)  $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}}$
  - (d)  $\frac{8\sqrt{2}}{3\sqrt{3}}$
  - (e) none of the above
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8. Which of the following would be the best approximation  $x_1$  if we want to use Newton's method to estimate the root of  $\cos x = 2x$ ?

- (a)  $x = -\pi$
- (b)  $x = \frac{1}{2}$
- (c)  $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$
- (d)  $x = 2$
- (e)  $x = \frac{3\pi}{2}$

9. Suppose  $f'(x) = (x - 1)^2(x - 3)^5(x - 6)^7$ . On what interval(s) is  $f(x)$  decreasing?

- (a)  $(-\infty, 1)$
  - (b)  $(1, 3)$
  - (c)  $(3, 6)$
  - (d)  $(-\infty, 1) \cup (3, 6)$
  - (e)  $(1, 3) \cup (6, +\infty)$
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10. At which point(s) on the curve  $y = 1 + 40x^3 - 3x^5$  does the tangent line have the largest slope?

- (a)  $(0, 1)$
  - (b)  $(\sqrt{2}, 1 + 68\sqrt{2})$  and  $(-\sqrt{2}, 1 - 68\sqrt{2})$
  - (c)  $(1, 38)$  and  $(-1, -36)$
  - (d)  $(2, 225)$  and  $(-2, -223)$
  - (e) none of the above
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11. Find the absolute maximum value of  $f(x) = xe^{-x}$  on the interval  $[-10, 10]$ .

- (a)  $-\frac{10}{e^{10}}$
  - (b)  $10e^{-10}$
  - (c)  $10e^{10}$
  - (d) 10
  - (e) none of the above
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12. Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve given by  $x^2 + 2xy - y^2 + x = 2$  at the point  $(1, 2)$ .

- (a)  $y = \frac{7}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}$
  - (b)  $y = \frac{5}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}$
  - (c)  $y = -\frac{3}{2}x - \frac{7}{2}$
  - (d)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$
  - (e) none of the above
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13. A spotlight on the ground shines on a wall 12 m away. If a man 2 m tall walks from the spotlight toward the building at a speed of 1.6 m/s, how fast is the length of his shadow on the building decreasing when he is 4 m from the building?

- (a) 0.4 m/s
- (b) 0.6 m/s
- (c) 0.8 m/s
- (d) 1.2 m/s
- (e) none of the above

14. Find the horizontal asymptotes of  $f(x) = \arctan x$ , if it has any.

- (a)  $y = \frac{\pi}{2}$
  - (b)  $y = 0$
  - (c)  $y = \frac{\pi}{2}$  and  $y = -\frac{\pi}{2}$
  - (d)  $y = \pi$  and  $y = -\pi$
  - (e) no horizontal asymptotes
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15. How many critical numbers does  $f(x) = e^x \sin x$  have on the interval  $[-5, 5]$ ?

- (a) 0
  - (b) 1
  - (c) 2
  - (d) 3
  - (e) infinitely many
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16. Evaluate  $\arcsin\left(\sin\left(\frac{29}{20}\pi\right)\right)$ .

- (a)  $-\frac{11}{20}\pi$
  - (b)  $-\frac{9}{20}\pi$
  - (c)  $-\frac{1}{10}\pi$
  - (d)  $\frac{1}{20}\pi$
  - (e)  $\frac{9}{10}\pi$
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17. A car was traveling at 50 ft/s when the brakes are fully applied, producing a constant deceleration. If the car traveled 250 ft before coming to a stop, how long did it take it to stop?

- (a) 5 s
- (b) 7.5 s
- (c) 8.75 s
- (d) 10 s
- (e) 12.5 s

18. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{\sqrt{x+4} - 3}{x-5}$

- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c)  $\frac{1}{3}$
- (d)  $\frac{1}{6}$
- (e)  $\infty$

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19. Find the number  $c$  that satisfies the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem for the function  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}$  and the interval  $[1, 4]$ .

- (a)  $\frac{5}{9}$
- (b)  $-2$
- (c)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- (d)  $\frac{5}{3}$
- (e) none of the above

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20. Find the vertical asymptotes of the graph of  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$ .

- (a)  $x = 1$
- (b)  $x = -1$
- (c)  $x = -2$
- (d)  $x = -1$  and  $x = -2$
- (e)  $x = 1$  and  $x = -1$

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21. Estimate the area of the region bounded by  $y = \frac{12}{x}$ ,  $x = 1$ ,  $x = 9$ , and  $y = 0$ , using 4 approximating rectangles and midpoints.

- (a) 20
- (b) 25
- (c) 30
- (d) 36
- (e) none of the above

22. Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}$ .

- (a)  $(1, \infty)$
  - (b)  $[1, \infty)$
  - (c)  $(-1, 1]$
  - (d)  $(-\infty, -1)$
  - (e)  $(-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, \infty)$ .
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23. Let  $f(x) = \int_1^x \arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{t^2+1}}{2}\right) dt$ , find  $f'(1)$ .

- (a) 0
  - (b)  $\frac{1}{2}$
  - (c)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$
  - (d)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$
  - (e) none of the above
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24. A kite 100 ft above the ground moves horizontally at a speed of 8 ft/s. At what rate is the angle between the string and the ground decreasing when 200 ft of string has been let out?

- (a) 0.02 rad/s
  - (b) 0.04 rad/s
  - (c) 0.06 rad/s
  - (d) 0.08 rad/s
  - (e) none of the above
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25. A particle moves along a straight line with equation of motion  $s(t) = \sqrt{t+1}$ . Find its average velocity over the time interval  $[0, 8]$ .

- (a)  $\frac{1}{4}$
- (b)  $\frac{1}{6}$
- (c)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- (d) 0
- (e) 2