

In your solutions you must explain what you are doing using complete sentences.

## Section 4.3 - The Chinese Remainder Theorem

**Exercise 4abc:** Find all of the solutions to each system of linear congruences

$$(a) \quad \begin{aligned} x &\equiv 4 \pmod{11} \\ x &\equiv 3 \pmod{17} \end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \quad \begin{aligned} x &\equiv 1 \pmod{2} \\ x &\equiv 2 \pmod{3} \\ x &\equiv 3 \pmod{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$(c) \quad \begin{aligned} x &\equiv 0 \pmod{2} \\ x &\equiv 0 \pmod{3} \\ x &\equiv 1 \pmod{5} \\ x &\equiv 6 \pmod{7} \end{aligned}$$

**Exercise 12:** If eggs are removed from a basket 2,3,4,5,6, and 7 at a time, there remain, respectively, 1,2,3,4,5, and 0 eggs. What is the least number of eggs that could have been in the basket?

**Exercise 18:** Does the system

$$\begin{aligned} x &\equiv 1 \pmod{8} \\ x &\equiv 3 \pmod{9} \\ x &\equiv 2 \pmod{12} \end{aligned}$$

have a solution? Be sure to explain why or why not.

## Section 5.1 - Divisibility Tests

**Exercise \*:** Invent your own divisibility tests for 37, 101, and 33. I will give extra points for tests that I find especially inventive or useful.

## Section 6.1 - Wilson's Theorem and Fermat's Little Theorem

**Exercise 4:** Find the remainder when  $5!25!$  is divided by 31.

**Exercise 6:** Find the remainder when  $7 \times 8 \times 9 \times 15 \times 16 \times 17 \times 23 \times 24 \times 25 \times 43$  is divided by 11.

**Exercise 12:** Use Fermat's Little Theorem to find the least positive residue of  $2^{10^6}$  modulo 7.

**Exercise 16:** Show that if  $n$  is composite integer other than 4, then  $(n-1)! \equiv 0 \pmod{n}$ .